SOLOMON ISLANDS BROADCASTING CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

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Directors' Report

The Directors present their report together with the financial statements of Solomon Islands Broadcasting Corporation ('the Corporation') for the year ended 31 December 2018 and the Independent Audit Report

Directors

The Directors at any time during or since the end of the financial year:

		,		
Mr. Robert Iroga Ms Cathy Nori Mr. Alpheaus Zobule Ms Christina Bakolo Ms Ella Kauhue Mr. Eric Chow	Date of appointment 8/04/2016 8/04/2016 8/04/2016 5/02/2016 5/02/2016 2/03/2016	Position Chairperson Member Member Member Member Member Member	Date of Revocation	
Mr. Robert Iroga Ms Cathy Nori Mr. Alpheaus Zobule Ms Christina Bakolo Ms Ella Kauhue Mr. Eric Chow	8/04/2016 8/04/2016 8/04/2016 5/02/2016 5/02/2016 2/03/2016	Chairperson Member Member Member Member Member		

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Corporation during the course of the financial year ended 31 December 2018 was the provision of radio services in Solomon Islands.

Operating and financial review

The Corporation recorded a net loss from continuing operation for the year amounting to \$1,191,639 (2017: \$346,716). Dividends

No dividends have been paid or declared since the end of the previous financial year, and the Directors do not recommend the declaration of a dividend, since the Corporation major financial support still comes from

Directors' Report - cont'd

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

In July 2007 the Solomon Island Government passed the State Owned Enterprises Act 2007 and listed Solomon Islands Broadcasting Corporation as a State Owned Enterprise under the jurisdiction of the Act.

Compliance with the Act could impact on the future operations of the Corporation. Significant impact could include:

- The Minister of Finance and the Responsible Minister (the "accountable Ministers") can direct the Corporation to perform a community service obligation (Section 8, 1);
- The accountable Ministers can determine the amount of any dividend payable by the Corporation (Section 12, 1b);
- The requirement to issue a Statement of Corporate Objectives that provides disclosure of intended activities, accounting policies, performance targets, dividends and taxes to be paid during the period in question (Section 13, 2);
- The requirement to issue the audited consolidated financial statements of the group within 3 months after the end of the financial year (Section 14, 1b); and
- This act shall prevail where there is any inconsistency in requirements with the Broadcasting Act (Section 26, 7 and 8).

There were no other significant changes in the state of affairs of the Corporation during the year.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any other item, transaction or event of a material or unusual nature likely to affect significantly the operations of the Corporation, the results of its operations, or the state of affairs of the Corporation in future financial years.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

Name: Mr Robert L Iroga

Director

Name: Ms Cathy Nori

2019.

Director

Dated at Honiara this 22ND day of

MARCH



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of the Solomon Island Broadcasting Corporation

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Solomon Island Broadcasting Corporation ("SIBC"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the SIBC as at 31st December 2018, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

Basis for Opinion

I have conducted the audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of SIBC in accordance to the ethical requirements that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsivities in accordance with these requirements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with IFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing SIBC's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternatives but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing SIBC's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions or users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism houghout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control to audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SIBC's
 internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that my uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report the related disclosures in the interest on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause SIBC to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves the fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

I have obtained all the information and explanation which, to the best of my knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of my audit.

In my opinion:

i. Proper books of accounts have been maintained by SIBC, sufficient to enable statement of financial position as at 31st December 2018, statement of financial performance and other comprehensive income, statement of notes in equity, statement of cash flows for the year ended and significant accounting policies and explanatory
 ii. To the best of my knowledge and second in the cash in t

 To the best of my knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to me the statement of cash receipts and payments give the information required by SIBC Act (1996).

13

Peter Lokay Auditor-General 15 May 2019

Office of the Auditor-General Honiara, Solomon Islands

Statement by Directors

In accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors of Solomon Islands Broadcasting Corporation, we state that in the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 22:
 - (i) give a true and fair view of the Corporation's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (ii) comply with International Financial Reporting Standards;
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the corporation will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors.

H

Name: Mr Robert L Iroga

Director

Name: Ms Cathy Nori

Director

Dated at Honiara this

22 ND day of

MARCH

2019.

Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2018

Revenue from continuing operation	Notes	<u>2018</u> \$	<u>2017</u> \$
Government Grants Community Services Obligation (CSO) Program sponsorship and advertising Broadcasts Service messages Rental income Other revenue Total revenue from continuing operation		1,000,000 2,000,000 3,424,798 2,670,022 813,293 253,330 169,089	500,000 2,500,000 3,326,195 1,500,381 1,011,826 300,090 323,793
Expenses from continuing operation		10,330,532	9,462,285
Administrative expenses Depreciation expense Director costs Employee costs Finance expenses Repairs and maintenance Total expenses from continuing operation	5	3,609,456 785,232 71,180 4,264,496 40,034 368,495	3,436,482 715,125 59,522 4,971,524 1,396 624,952
Net profit / (loss) from continuing operation Other comprehensive income		9,138,893	9,809,001 (346,716)
Revaluation increment of land & building Total other comprehensive income	e(iii),5,10		16,733,258
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		1,191,639	16,733,258 16,386,542

The profit and loss statement is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 22.

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 31 December 2018

	<u>Note</u>	Shareholder Contributions/ Equity	Asset Revaluation <u>Reserve</u> \$	Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated) Losses) \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 January 2017		1 001 040			
Profit / (Loss)		1,981,948	15,873,523	53,304	17,908,77
Total other comprehensive income			16 722 2	- 346,716	(346,71
Total comprehensive income for the year			16,733,258	-	16,733,258
		-	16,733,258	- 346,716	
Balance at 31 December 2017		1,981,948			16,386,542
Balance at 1 January 2018		1,981,948	32,606,781	- 293,412	34,295,317
*		1,981,948	32,606,781	- 202 412	
Profit/(Loss)			15.0.5.6	- 293,412	34,295,317
Total other comprehensive income		-	-	1,191,639	1,191,639
otal comprehensive income for the year	The Real Property lies		-		-
tot the year		-	-	1,191,639	1 101 (22
alance at 31 December 2018				and the later about the second second	1,191,639
December 2018		1,981,948	32,606,781	000 000	
ne statement of changes in equity is to be			,-00,701	898,227	35,486,956

The statement of changes in equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 22.

Statement of financial position As at 31 December 2018

2018	2017
\$	\$
1 012 160	
1,813,160	496,75
2,171,340	1,824,20
3,984,500	2,320,95
32,920,322	33,949,09
32,920,322	33,949,096
36,904,822	36,270,051
809,057	
	749,355
23,069	109,314
353,131	360,000
212,600	67,724
1 207 05	
1,397,857	1,286,393
~	-
•	593,131
20,009	95,210
20.000	
20,009	688,341
1,417,866	1,974,734
35,486,956	34,295,317.0
1 001 040	
	1,981,948
	32,606,781
898,227	(293,412)
35,486,956	34,295,317
	1,981,948 32,606,781 898,227 35,486,956 d forming part of the fin

The Statement of Financial Position is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statements set out on pages 10 to 22.

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

Statement of cash flow For the year ended 31 December 2018

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	Note	2018	2017
Cash receipts from customers Cash receipts from Government grant Cash payments to suppliers and employees Cash generated from / (used in) operations Interest received Interest paid		6,897,152 3,000,000 (7,732,068) 2,165,084	6,799,049 3,000,000 (8,784,587) 1,014,462
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Investing Activities		2,165,084	1,014,462
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Net cash provided by / (used in) investing activities	5 5	475,000 (723,674)	45,000 (1,204,863)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		(248,674)	(1,159,863)
Contribution by SIG Repayment of borrowings Net cash provided by / (used in) financing activities	8	(600,000)	(600,000)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the heginning		1,316,410	(600,000) (745,400)
of the financial year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	2	496,750	1242150
The state of the s	3	1,813,160	496,750
The statement of cash flows is to be			

The statement of cash flows is to be read in conjunction with the notes to and forming part of the financial statement set out on pages 10 to 22.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity Information

The Solomon Islands Broadcasting Corporation ('the Corporation') is a State Owned Enterprise domiciled in

Registered Office

PO Box 654 Honiara

Principal Place of Business

Honiara, Solomon Islands

Directors

The Directors at any time during or since the end of the financial year are listed in the Directors' Report.

(b) Basis of preparation

Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board as adopted by the Institute of Solomon Islands Basis of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared primarily on the historical cost basis except that investment properties and financial instruments classified as available for sale have been stated at their fair value.

Non-current assets held for sale are stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(iii) Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied by the Corporation and they are consistent with those of the Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in Solomon Islands currency, the Solomon Islands dollar (\$), and the balances are rounded to the nearest dollar.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Going Concern

2)

(d)

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Corporation's current assets exceed its current liabilities. As a going concern, the Corporation is dependent upon the continuing support of

The Directors have concluded that the going concern basis is appropriate as the Solomon islands government continue to support the corporation financially, and as indicated in the financial position, that the corporation assets exceeds its liabilities, thus enable the corporation to pay its debts as and when they fall due for a period of 12 months from the date the Foreign Currency

The functional currency adopted in the preparation of the financial statements is the Solomon Islands currency, the Solomon Islands dollar (\$). Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the profit and loss statement. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Resulting exchange differences are recognised in the profit and loss account for the period. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are recorded at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Property, plant and equipment

Recognition and Measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost, with the exception of land & Buildings which was stated at valuation less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Construction cost for self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate

Property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property is classified as property, plant and equipment and stated at cost until construction or development is complete, at which time it is reclassified as investment property. When the construction or development of a self-constructed investment property is completed and will be carried at fair value, any difference between the fair value of the property at that date and its previous carrying amount is recognised

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to the Profit and Loss Statement on a staright line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of the item of property, plant and equipmement. Fixed assets are first depreciated in the year of acquisition, or, in the case of construction and donated assets, in the year of substantial completion of the asset and formal handover respectively. The rate

 buildings 	
 furniture and fittings 	20 years
 motor vehicles 	10 years
 plant and equipment 	10 years
 transmitter plant and equipment 	10 years
	10 years

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment

(iii) Revaluation of Property and Equipment

The Corporation revalued its land and building between an interval of 3-5 years. First revaluation was carried out by Isaac lae (Registered Valuer, MBA, BALMD) from Mwane Real Estate Brokers in January 2009. The valuer adopted open market valuation to draw reasonable value for the corporation land and building at that time.

In 2014, the fair value of land and building was determined by Gregory wate, director/valuer of MUSA real estate elites, an external, independent property valuer, having appropriate recognised qualification and experience in area of property being valued. The valuer have utilised the following methods in determing the fair value of Land and building:

- Analysis of comparable sales whereby current sales in and around the area are compared;
- Calulation of remaining term of the fixed term estate utilising housing and survey zone system from the ministry of land
 - Building rates applied on main building/property including ancilliaries which are based on current development rate in
 - a. Wooden structure \$3,500-\$7,000 per square meter
 - b. Concrete block \$5,000 - \$8,500 per square meter

These methods were reconciled to draw a reasonable value for the subject property.

(iv) Impairment

The carrying amounts of all assets carried at cost are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are

decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at their cost less impairment losses.

Interest bearing loans and borrowings

Interest bearing loans and borrowings are initially recorded at the net proceeds received. Any discount, premium or other difference between the net proceeds and the redemption value is amortised and included in finance costs over the term of the loan. If debt is repurchased or settled before maturity, any difference between the amount repaid and the carrying amount is

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Corporation has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer.

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement in proportion to the stage of completion of

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, the costs incurred or to be incurred cannot be measured reliably, there is a risk of return of goods or there is continuing management

The corporation recognises Property, plant and equipment donated by NGO, Donar partners, government and other stakeholders as deffered income. These are recorded at fair value at the time the assets was received by the corporation. They are then recognised in the profit and loss as other income systematically over the useful life of the asset.

Programs and contracts paid in advance was intially recognised as deffered income. It was subsequently recoginsed as Program sponsorship and advertising in the profit and loss Systematically over the contract period.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at cost.

Taxation

(j)

k)

The Corporation is exempt from income tax for income derived from broadcasting, including the broadcasting of advertisements and messages in terms of paragraph 14 of the Broadcasting Act.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and an integral part of the Corporation's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits

The Corporation's obligation in respect of long-term service benefits is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. Liabilities for employee benefits for wages, salaries, annual leave that are expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date, are calculated at amounts based on remuneration wage and salary rates that the Corporation expects to pay as at reporting date including related on-costs. Expenses

(n)

Operating lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Financial costs

Financial costs comprise interest payable on borrowings calculated using the effective interest method, dividends on redeemable preference shares, interest receivable on funds invested, dividend income, foreign exchange gains and losses.

0)

Interest income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement on the date the entity's right to receive payments is established which Dividend

Dividend distribution to the Corporation's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Corporation financial statements in the period in which the dividend are declared.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

EMPLOYEES

The number of employees at 31 December 2018 is 48 (2017:48).

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash on hand	<u>2018</u>	2017
cash at bank		\$
Less: Bank overdraft	93,775	5,273
	1,719,385	491,477
Interest on bank overdraft is charged at prevailing market rates.	1.813,160	106 ===
at prevailing market rates.		496.750
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
Trade Debtors		
Add: Related parties (refer to note 12.b)	1,100,241	
Total trade debtors		669,355
	1,105,972	1,156,192
Add: Other debtors	2,206,213	1,825,547
Total other debtors	55,558	
Total trade and other receivables		89,089
Less: Provision C	55,558	89,089
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	2,261,771	1,914,636
Net trade and other receivables	90,431	
	2,171,340	90,431
	-91719540	1,824,205

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

5.

Cost At 1 January 2017 Additions during the year Revaluation Increment Disposals during the year	Property Under construction amount \$ 2,094,230 802,254	Leasehold land at Revalued amount § 4,766,977	Buildings at Revalued amount \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Transmitter plant and Equipment \$ 1,920,180	Plant and <u>Equipment</u> <u>\$</u> 2,883,505 399,609	Motor Vehicles \$ 982,223	Furniture and Fittings \$ 206,049 3,000	Total \$ 21,925,829 1,204,863 15,372,358
At 31 December 2017	2,896,484	19,030,400	10,181,600	1,920,180	2 202 114	(160,000)	-	(160,000)
Balance at 1 January 2018 Additions during the year Revaluation Increment Disposals during the year	2,896,484	19,030,400	10,181,600	1,920,180	3,283,114 3,283,114 324,010	822,223 822,223	209,049	38,343,050 38,343,050 723,674
Balance as at 31 December 2018	(515,383)	(390,000)	-	-	-	(70,000)		(975,383)
de la seconda de	2,381,101	18,640,400	10,581,264	1,920,180	3,607,124	752,223	209,049	38,091,341
Accumulated depreciation At 1 January 2017 Depreciation Revaluation write back Disposals during the year At 31 December 2017	:	-	907,266 453,633 (1,360,899)	1,900,673 11,392	1,910,545 149,030	235,205 90,666 - (66,667)	152,700 10,403	5,106,389 715,124 (1,360,899) (66,667)
				1,912,065	2,059,575	259,205	163,103	4,393,948
Balance at January 2018 Depreciation Revaluation write back Disposals		-	512,793	1,912,065 4,057	2,059,575 179,916	259,205 78,722	163,103 9,744	4,393,948 785,232
Balance at 31 December 2018	-		512,793	1,916,122	2,239,491	(8,167)	-	(8,167)
Carrying Amounts				1,710,122	2,237,471	329,760	172,847	5,171,013
At 31 December 2016	2,094,230	4,766,977	8,165,399	19,507	972,960	747,018	53,349	16,819,440
= 201 / 201/	2,896,484	19,030,400	10,181,600	8,115	1,223,539	563,018	45,946	22 040 000
At 31 December 2018 =	2,381,101	8,640,400	10,068,471	12/2/2/2	1,367,633	422,463		33,949,096 32,920,322

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Trade creditors	2018	2017
Other creditors and accrued expenses	328,490 480,567	199,153
DEFERRED INCOME	809,057	550,202
Current		749,355
Programs & Sponsorship receive in advance		
Non-current	23,069	109,314
Programs & Sponsorship receive in advance		109,314
LOANS & BORROWINGS	23,069	109,314
Convertion of long outstanding debt to interest free loan Current		The second secon
Convertion of SIEA Debts to interest free loan		
Non-current	353,131	360,000
Convertion of SIEA Debts to interest free loan		300,000
	-	593,131
Solomon Islands Electricity Authority (SIEA) Interest free loan An Agreement was entered between SIE to	353,131	953,131

An Agreement was entered between SIEA and SIBC on the 8th of May 2013, Indicating that SIEA will advance a loan to SIBC for its outstanding debts in 60 monthly instalment over 5 year at \$30,000 per month. The corporation volutarily during the year to \$50,000 per month. The corporation paid a total of \$600,000 (2017: \$768,250) during the year as loan repayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Current Annual leave	<u>2018</u> <u>\$</u>	2017 \$
Long service leave Non-current	58,180 	50,426 17,298
Long service leave	212.000	67.724
Long service benefit	20,009	95,210
The Corporation 1		

The Corporation has provided for long service benefits which entitles employees who have completed ten years service to six months pay. The portion of the provision with a maturity of less than 1 year has been classified as current. The portion of the provision with an expected maturity of greater than 1 year has been classified as non-current.

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ASSET REVALUATION RESERVE	2018	2017
Opening balance	\$	\$
Revaluation increment during the year	32,606,781	15,873,523
Refer to note 1(e) (iii) for revaluation detail		16,733,258
FINANCIAL INCOMPRESENTATION DETAIL	32.606.781	32,606,781

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, Market risk (interest rate and currency risks) and Liquidity risk arise in the normal course of the

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Corporation if a customer fails to meet its contractual obligation and arise mainly from the corporation trade receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The Corporation does not require collateral in respect of financial assets. At the reporting date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial

Cash at bank Trade Debtors Other receivables	2018 \$ 1,813,160 2,206,213 55,558 4,074,931	2017 \$ 491,072 1,825,547 89,089 2,405,708
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Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(i) Credit risk (Continued)

Impairement Losses

The ageing of trade receivables at reporting date that were not impaired was as follows:

Not past due Past due 0- 30days Past due 31-60 days Past due 61-90 days Past due more than 90 days	2018 \$ 784,886 218,836 168,254 964,649 2,136,625	2017 \$ 476,859 366,671 319,083 572,504 1,735,117

More than 50% of corporation customer has been transacting with related parties (Ministries & other SOES). These customers are taking longer than normal customer to pay as most, in particular ministries payments are centralised within the ministry of finance. Management still beleive the unimpaired amount that are past due more than 90 days are still collectable

(ii) Interest Risk

The Corporation's bank accounts are non-interest bearing, unless they are temporarily invested in short-term deposits. At reporting date the interest rate profile for the corporation interest bearing Financial instrument

				- House different
Cash and cash equivalents	Note 3	Effective interest rate	Total	Due within 1 year
(111) ***		070	1,813,160	-

(iii) Foreign currency risk

The corporation is occasionally exposed to foreign currency risk on purchases denominated in currencies other than the Solomon Islands dollar. However, these purchases are infrequent and usually paid for in advance of receipt of the goods, limiting the Corporation's exposure to foreign exchange risk. As at year end, there are no assets, liabilities dominated in

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

(iv) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the corporation will face difficulty in meeting its financial obligation when they fall due. The Management attempt in managing the risk is to try as much as possible to have much liquidity to meet its obligation. The following are the remaining contractual maturity of financial liabilities at the reporting date:

31-Dec-18 Financial Liabilities Interest free loan	Carrying amount	0-30 Days	30-60 Days	60.00	
Trade payables Accrued & Other creditors	353,131 328,490 480,567	30,000 328,490 480,567	60,000	60-90 days 90,000	90+ Days 263,131
31-Dec-17	1,162,188	839,057	60,000	90,000	263,131
Financial Liabilities Interest free loan Trade payables Accrued & Other creditors	Carrying amount 953,131 199,153 550,202 1,702,486	0-30 Days 30,000 199,153 550,202	30-60 Days 60,000	60-90 days 90,000	90+ Days 863,131
30% of financial liabilities		779,355	60,000	90,000	863,131

80% of financial liabilities balance relates to Solomon Islands Electricity Authority (SIEA) accumulated electricity bills from prior years. Management approach the risk by signing an MOU with SIEA on 8th May 2013 to pay its debt \$30,000 each month in addition to their monthly bills. Upon the signing of the MOU the Solomon government paid SIEA \$1M on

Sensitivity analysis

The loan held by the Corporation has no interest rate for life of the loan, eliminating the exposure to interest rate risk. Due to zero exposures to interest rate risk, movement of one percentage point in interest rates or in the value of the Solomon Islands dollar against other foreign currencies would have no impact on the Corporation's results for the year. Fair values

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities shown in the Statement of Financial Position approximates their fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

onacd 31 December 2018		
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	2010	
Controlled entities		2017
The corporation does not	\$	\$
Outstanding to the Control any other entities.		
Ministrating balances owing to SIBC:		
Willistry of Agriculture and the		
Timistry of Commerce and F	72.712	
The sand town!		39,932
Ministry of D. I.		40,740
Ministry of Education and Human Resources		2,100
	2,000	4,000
Ministry of Finance and Treasury	4 205	108,512
Willistry Of Foreign Affairs and T		2,295
THISTIY OF FISHERIAS and No.	10,000	50,240
of Health - Health F 1	30 454	2,000
Ministry of Home Affairs		-
Ministry of Infrastructure Devia		57,266
of I upile Service		108,695
Min of Women Youth & Child		94,459
of Rulai Develonment and I. 1		1,500
Min of Lands, Housing & Survey		1,500
Will of National Unity Dans it.		-
		-
of Flovincial Garage		-
Tuttolial Disaster Management Occ		11,570
rarilament Office	2,000	78,250
National Population Canaus Occ	-	124,320
Office of the Prime Minister		116,175
Office of the Leader of Opposition		3,630
		229,047
Solomon Islands Electricity Authority		1,600
- Comon Allines		21,612
S I Ports Authority		42,000
S I Postal Corporation	97.3 - 50.9	10,624
S I Water Authority		1,500
		1500
	The state of the s	1,125
	1.105.972	1,156,192
	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS Controlled entities The corporation does not control any other entities. Outstanding balances owing to SIBC: Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Ministry of Commerce and Employment Ministry of Culture and tourism Min of Forests and Research Ministry of Education and Human Resources Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Meteorology Ministry of Friance and Treasury Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade Ministry of Health - Health Education Department Ministry of Home Affairs Ministry of Infrastructure Development Ministry of Infrastructure Development Ministry of Public Service Min of Women, Youth & Children Affairs Min of Rural Development and Indigenous Business Min of Rural Development and Indigenous Business Min of National Unity, Reconciliation & Peace Ministry of Police and National security Ministry of Provincial Governments National Disaster Management Office National Parliament Office National Parliament Office National Population Census Off. Office of the Prime Minister Office of the Leader of Opposition/Independent Royal Solomon Islands Police Solomon Islands Electricity Authority SI Ports Authority SI Ports Authority SI Postal Corporation SI Water Authority	RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS Controlled entities The corporation does not control any other entities. Outstanding balances owing to SIBC: Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock Ministry of Commerce and Employment Ministry of Culture and tourism Min of Forests and Research Ministry of Education and Human Resources Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Meteorology Ministry of Finance and Treasury Ministry of Froeign Affairs and Trade Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade Ministry of Health - Health Education Department Ministry of Home Affairs Ministry of Infrastructure Development Ministry of Infrastructure Development Ministry of Wome, Youth & Children Affairs Min of Rural Development and Indigenous Business Min of Lands, Housing & Survey Min of National Unity, Reconciliation & Peace Ministry of Police and National security National Disaster Management Office National Parliament Office National Parliament Office National Parliament Office National Parliament Office National Population Census Off. Office of the Prime Minister Solomon Islands Police Solomon Islands Police Solomon Islands Police Solomon Airlines S I Ports Authority S I Ports Authority S I Postal Corporation S I Water Authority S I Postal Corporation S I Water Authority S J Ozos

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2018

Key management Compensation

Key management includes, Board of directors, CEO and Finance & administration manager. The compensation paid or payable to key management for their service rendered to the Corporation are as follows:

Wages & salaries/Allowance Other employment benefits Termination benefit Post employment benefits Other long term benefit	2018 \$	2017 \$
	549,332 482,194	720,413 800,201
		-
	1,031,526	1 520 614
		1,520,614